Alexandria Advertiser AND COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCER.

VOL. III.] MONDAY, MAY 10, 1803. No. 750.

Public Vendue.

On TUESDAY,
At 10 o'clock, will be sold at the Vendue Store,

Rum in hogsheads and barrels.
French Brandy in pipes,
Gin in pipes and bls.
Whiskey and Apple Brandy in bls.
Sugar in hhds. tierces and bls.
Coffee in tierces and bags,
Chocolate, White and brown Soap, Mould and dip'd Candles } in boxes,
Raisins in kegs, boxes and jars,
Figs in kegs and frails,
Queens Ware in crates,
FURNITURE, &c.

ALSO,

A variety of *DRY GOODS,*
Among which are,
Cloths, Coatings,
Kerseymeres, Duffils,
Plains and Kerseys,
Negro Cottons, Serges,
Elasticks, blue Friezes,
Calimancoes and Russels,
Yarn Stockings,
Chintzes and Calicoes,
Irish Linens, Silesia do.
Platillas,
Osnaburgs and Ticklenburgs,
Muslins and Muslin Hand'fs,
India Muslins and Table Cloths
Bandanna Handkerchiefs,
Silk Stockings,
Coloured Threads, Hats,
Plated Candlesticks,
And sundry other Articles.

P. G. MARSTELLER.

May 13.

Sales by Auction.

On WEDNESDAY,
At 10 o'clock, will be sold at the Vendue Store, the corner of King and Union streets.

Rum in hhds. and barrels,
Whiskey in barrels,
Apple Brandy in barrels,
Gin in casks,
Wine in pipes and quatter casks,
Molasses in hhds.
Sugar in hhds. and barrels,
White and brown Soap in boxes,
Coffee in casks and bags,
Raisins in kegs and boxes,
Queen's Ware, and

ALSO,

A variety of DRY GOODS.
—AMONG WHICH ARE—

Broad Cloths,	Irish Linens,
Cassimeres,	Calicoes,
Kerseys,	Threads,
Coatings,	Chintzes,
Halfthicks,	Bedticks,
Fearnaught,	Oznaburgs,
Blankets,	Sewing Silks,
Planes,	Muslin and Muslin
Negro Cottons,	Handkerchiefs,
Worsted and other Stockings,	India Cottons, &c &c.

THOS. PATTEN, *Auctioneer.*

May 14.

Removal.

The subscriber wishes to inform his friends and the public in general that he has removed from his store in Prince street to the store in Union street, lately occupied by Jacob Leap, and opposite Dean and Gardners store, where he continues to keep all kinds of

Groceries and Fruits,

as usual, and has just received a parcel of excellent Oranges, Lemons, Figs, Raisins, Rhode Island Apples, first quality Rhode Island Cheese and fresh Tamarinds.

Abel Willis.

N. B. The house that he lately occupied in Prince Street is to let. For further particulars enquire as above or to Mr. William Wilson.

May 9. d

ROBERT B. JAMESSON

OFFERS FOR SALE,

20 hhds. 1st quality Muscovado Sugar,
15 do. 2d do. do.
10 do. 3d do. do.
Loaf and Lump do.
10,000 lb. best Green Coffee,
30 qr. chests fresh Teas, assorted from Bohea to Imperial,
4th proof Irish Whiskey,
Jamaica, Antigua and N. E. Rum,
Coniac and Barcelona Brandy,
Holland Geneva,
Wine and Cyder Vinegar,
Claret in cases of 1 to 3 doz.
30 boxes Albany Chocolate, 1st and 2d quality,
Mould and dipt Candles,
White and brown Soap,
200 reams of Wrapping Paper of different sizes,
Patent Shot assorted, from BB to No. 10,
Madeira, Sherry, Port, Lisbon, Catalonia, Frontinac, Teneriffe, And Malaga } WINES,
English Gunpowder from F to double battle,
50 boxes fine Muscatelle Raisins,
20 bales Spinning Cotton.

Peppers, black and Cayenne, pimento, cloves, nutmegs, cassia, cinnamon and mace, Durham mustard, pearl and Scotch barley, pickles assorted in boxes, madder, allum, copperas, indigo and brimstone; olive oil in bottles and flasks, Godfred's warranted segars, best chewing tobacco, Leeper and Hamilton's snuff, race and ground ginger, starch, fig blue, pipes in kegs and boxes, rice, prunes, glauber salts, red and pale bark, demijohns assorted, &c. &c.

April 27. dim

PUBLIC SALE.

In pursuance of a Deed of Trust from Robert Measе, deceased, to the subscriber, will be exposed to sale on Saturday the 28th day of May next, on the premises, the following

VALUABLE PROPERTY,
Viz.

A tract of Land on Holmes's run, in Fairfax county, containing forty four acres and an half, with a water Grist Mill, Dwelling House and other improvements thereon; known by the name of Milford, and formerly occupied by Robert Allison, deceased, and is distant from Alexandria about 5 miles.

Another piece of Land in the vicinity of this town, near the George-Town road, containing five acres and ten perches.

Also, the estate, title and interest of said Robert Measе to the following lots and ground rents, viz: one Lot fronting on Pitt street, between King and Cameron streets, lately occupied by Robert Measе as a garden; a Lot on Wales's Alley, adjoining the Lots in possession of Michael Thorn and Thomas Crandel; a ground rent of one hundred and 14 dols. per annum; on a Lot on Union street, leased to Thomas Crandell; one other rent of forty dollars per annum; on a Lot on Wales's Alley leased to Michael Thorn. The sale of the first mentioned tract of Land, will commence at 11 o'clock A. M. and of the remainder at 3 o'clock P. M. Terms of sale are notes with approved endorsers, negotiable at the Bank of Alexandria, payable in three, six, and nine months. Deeds to be executed to the purchasers after the last payment.

WILLIAM HERBERT,
Trustee.

April 28. dtf

PUBLIC SALE.

On Saturday the 21st inst. at 4 o'clock, P. M. will positively be sold on the premises, at a credit of 6, 12, and 18, months for approved negociable paper.

TWO LOTS of Ground on the commons containing about 4½ acres, pleasantly situated near Hunting Creek, and well calculated for gardens. This property will be subdivided to suit purchasers.

RICHARD VEITCH, WM. I. HALL, JAMES WILSON } *Trustees of Washington I. Washington.*

May 6. dtf

The United States of America,

District of Columbia, to wit:

WHEREAS an information has been filed in the District Court of the United States, for the District of Columbia, by John Thomson Mason, Esquire, Attorney for the same, against nine packages of SUSPENDERS of the value of One Hundred and Fifty Dollars, current money of the United States, which said nine packages of Suspenders were brought in the British barque called the Henry, from a foreign port, to be unladen and delivered from the said barque called the Henry, within the United States, to wit, at the port of Alexandria, in the district aforesaid, and were by Lionel Trotter then and there, being the master and having the command of the said barque called the Henry, caused, suffered and permitted to be unladen and delivered from the said barque called the Henry, within the U. States, to wit, at the port of Alexandria aforesaid, without a permit from Charles Simms, Esq. then and there and now being Collector of the said port of Alexandria, at the county of Alexandria and District of Columbia aforesaid, he the said Lionel Trotter, then and there being the master and having the command of the said barque called the Henry, and the said John Thomson Mason, has prayed that the said nine packages of Suspenders may be condemned and disposed of for the benefit of the United States, as is by law directed—*And whereas*, the Hon. William Kilty, Judge of the said Court, has ordered Friday the twentieth day of May next, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon of the same day, for holding a court, at the court house in the town of Alexandria, for the trial thereof, agreeably to the prayer of said attorney——*Notice is hereby given*, that a District Court will be then and there held for the trial of the premises and the owner or owners, and all persons who may have any claim or interest therein, are hereby cited to be and appear at the time and place aforesaid, to shew cause, if any they have, why a final determination should not pass.

By order of the Judge,
(Teste.)
G. DENEALE, *Clerk.*

Clerk's Office,
Alexandria, April 26. d

Just Received,

Excellent Bacon Hams,
(salt petre'd)—ALSO,
MATTHEWSON CHEESE,
Fresh Oranges and Lemons,
Tamarinds, Cocoa Nuts, and few boxes first quality Havanna Segars.

J. DYSON.

May 4. d

Notice.

All persons having claims against the estate of *William Triplett*, of Round-Hill, deceased, are requested to bring them forward for adjustment and payment; and all those indebted to the estate, are respectfully called upon to make immediate payment to the Executors—it being their anxious wish to close all the accounts, and settle with the legatees as soon as possible.

CHARLES LITTLE, GEO. TRIPLETT, } *Ex'tors.*

March 1. d

SPANISH HIDES.

1200 Spanish Hides, just received and for sale by
J. & J H. TUCKER.

ALSO,

By the sloop Friendship, from Barbadoes, 10 hhds and 40 bbls first quality SUGARS; and from New York, 10 boxes fresh Prunes. A general assortment of Groceries as usual

May 6. eo

VALUABLE PROPERTY,

For Sale or Rent.

THE three story BRICK HOUSE on the corner of King and Columbus streets.

THOMAS PATTEN.

Dec. 29. eo

Dr. Thomas Semmes

HAS for sale at his shop, opposite Mr. Peter Sherron's, King street,

Drugs, Medicines,
Patent Medicines and Colours

used by Painters, which he offers at the most reduced prices.

May 7. eo

BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES and HOSIERY FOR SALE.

A few packages of superfine broadcloths, Cassimeres and Hosiery, received by the ship United States, on terms highly advantageous to the purchasers.

Apply to
Wm. HODGSON.

May 9. d

THE PARTNERSHIP OF
SPENCER, PEARCE & Co.

WAS dissolved on the 23d day of February last, by mutual consent. All persons having claims against the said firm are requested to present them (for payment,) to Benjamin and John Comegys, of the city of Baltimore, and those indebted desired to make payment to B. and J. C. or any person they may authorise to receive.

JERVIS SPENCER,
GIDEON PEARCE,
BENJ. & J. COMEGYS.

May 2, 1803. eo 12 ‖

R. T. HOOE & Co.

HAVE IMPORTED

In the ship United States from Liverpool,
4d, 6d, 8d, 10d, 12d and 20d. Nails,
A few casks of Iron Castings, assorted,
Cutlery and Hardware in general,
15 casks of Copperas,
34 casks patent Shot,
Fine and coarse Hats in boxes,
70 pieces of twilled Sacking,
70 boxes Window Glass,
170 kegs of white, Venetian red, yellow and red paints.

May 9. eo

WHEREAS

BARTIMEUS WHITE has, by his petition to the Hon. *James Marshall*, esq. offered to deliver up all his property, real, personal and mixed, to which he is in any manner entitled, for the benefit of his creditors, and has also prayed to be admitted to the benefit of the insolvent law, passed by Congress for the relief of insolvent debtors within the District of Columbia, the attendance of the creditors of the said Bartimeus White is requested on the 19th day of May, inst. at the court house in the town of Alexandria, at ten o'clock in the morning, at which time and place the oath, according to law, will be administered to the said petitioner.

By order of the Hon. James Marshall.
G. DENEALE, Clerk.

May 12. 6td

☞ *Printing in all its variety executed at this office with neatness and dispatch.*

Public Sale.

Valuable WHARF LOTS,

FOR SALE.

Will be sold at Public Sale on Saturday next 21st inſtant, at four o'clock in the afternoon on the premiſes,

A LOT OF GROUND,

On the Eaſt ſide of Union ſtreet, adjoining Ramſay's Wharf, extending 56 feet, 6 inches on Union Street, and running back 70 feet, and within 49 feet of the corner of Union ſtreet and Fayette Alley.

The terms of ſale will be three and ſix months credit for negociable notes, with approved endorſers; or one fourth of the purchaſe money in hand, and the remainder in ſix months, with a deed of truſt on the property to ſecure the payment of the balance at the option of the purchaſer.

PHILIP G. MARSTELLER.

May 14. d

Public Vendue.

On Saturday, 4th June,

Will be ſold to the higheſt bidder, on a credit of 6, 12, and 18 months, the purchaſer giving approved negotiable notes,

The three ſtory

BRICK HOUSE & LOT,

In fee ſimple,

Situate upon the north ſide of Prince ſtreet, and eaſt ſide of Waſhington ſtreet, and bounded as followeth, viz.

"Beginning at the interſection of ſaid ſtreet, and running thence northwardly with Waſhington ſtreet and binding therewith 100 feet to a 10 feet alley, thence eaſtwardly with the line of the alley and parrallel to Prince ſtreet 63 feet, thence ſouthwardly with a line parrellel to Waſhington ſtreet 24 feet, thence weſtwardly with a line parrellel to Prince ſtreet 37 feet, thence ſouthwardly with a line parallel to Waſhington ſtreet 76 feet to Prince ſtreet, thence weſtwardly with that ſtreet and binding therewith to the beginning, being 26 feet."

P. G. MARSTELLER.

May 13.

Public Sale.

On TUESDAY 17th inſt.

At the Houſe of WALTER POMERY, King ſtreet, will poſitively be ſold, without reſerve,

All the STOCK in TRADE,

of ſaid Pomery—conſiſting of Chintzes, calicoes, muſlins and muſlin handkerchiefs; nankeens, jeans and corduroys; Marſeilles quiltings; thread and cotton ſtockings; cloths and caſſimeres; 400 groce gilt and plated buttons and a number of other articles.

Alſo,

Houſehold & Kitchen Furniture.

P. G. MARSTELLER.

May 12.

WALTER POMERY intending ſoon to ſail for England, requeſts all perſons who may have demands againſt him, to exhibit their accounts for ſettlement; and all perſons indebted to him are earneſtly requeſted to make immediate payment.

WALTER POMERY.

Alex. May 12.

CUTHBERT POWELL,

Has received, per the William and John, from London, a handſome aſſortment of

SPRING GOODS,

—Conſiſting of—

Iriſh and Britiſh Linens, Muſlins, Cambricks, long Lawn, Callicoes, fine cotton Counterpins, fancy Waiſtcoating, Silks, Cotton Kerſimeres, extra long ſilk Gloves of various colurs, ſilk, cotton and lown thread Hoſiery, one trunk ladies Shoes, one of Umbrellas and Parſols, one caſe faſhionable ſplit ſtraw and imperial chip Hats and Bonnets, 4 caſks Fig Blue, &c. &c. &c.

He has on hand a ſupply of

German and Engliſh GOODS,

And expects by the ſhip United States, from Liverpool, an aſſortment of

HARDWARE.

May 6. dzw

JAMES WILSON

Has received by the ſhip William and John, capt. Woodhouſe, from London,

SPRING GOODS,

which will be opened and for ſale immediately at his warehouſe.

Alſo—Brown Stout in caſks of 6 doz. each.

May 5. d

For FALMOUTH, (Eng.)

DIRECT,

The Ship

William & John,

Capt. Thos. Woodhouſe, will ſail the 19th inſt. having excellent accommodations for paſſengers; for paſſage only, apply to the capt. on board, lying at Col. Ramſey's wharf.

JAMES WILSON.

May 7. d

For Freight or Charter,

The fine, faſt ſailing SHIP *America,*

Iſaac Stone, Maſter; burthen 285 tons, now lying at Mr. Wm. Wilſon's wharf. For terms apply to the maſter on board.

May 13. d6t

6000 buſhels of Liverpool Salt for ſale on board the Ship

HERO,

at Kirk's wharf. The ſaid ſhip will take a freight for any port in Europe without the Streights.—Apply to the Maſter on board, or

Wm. HARTSHORNE.

N. B. The ſhip will carry 1800 bbls flour, or 250 hhds tobacco.

May 9. d

For Freight or Charter,

To any port without the Meterranean,

The BRIG

TWO POLLIES,

of Boſton, an excellent, ſtaunch, new veſſel, burthen 151 tons, will be ready in a few days to receive a cargo. Pleaſe apply to captain Robert M'Laughton, on board, at Merchant's wharf, or

J. G. LADD.

May 6. d.

SPRING GOODS.

William Lowry

Has juſt received, per the United States from Liverpool,

AN ASSORTMENT OF

Spring Goods.

ALSO——Earthenware in crates aſſorted, and nails in caſks, which he is now opening for ſale at his ſtore, two doors below Cuthbert Powell's, King ſtreet.

Country merchants and others may find it to their advantage to call on him as he is determined to ſell on the moſt reaſonable terms.

May 13. eo

Jonah Thompſon and Son,

HAVE IMPORTED

In the ſhips William & John from London, and United States from Liverpool;

Superfine Cloths and Caſſimeres, Cambrick, jaconet and book Muſlins, ſilk Shawls, cotton Hoſiery, Jeannets, Fuſtians, ſtriped and clouded Nankeens, Corduroys, Velvetts and Thickſetts, Dimities, fancy Marſeilles, Waiſtcoating, ſewing Silks, Twiſt and Thread, &c. &c.

They are in daily expectation of their aſſortment of Hardware.

May 9. d

RICHARD VEITCH & Co.

HAVE IMPORTED,

In the the ſhip William and John, from London,

A few caſes Iriſh Linens, a large and handſome ſelection of Prints of the lateſt patterns; two trunks of elegantly aſſorted ribbons; 4-4, 9-8 and 6-4 plain and coloured cambric muſlins, cotton velvet, dimities, ſtriped cotton and cotton hoſiery, with ſeveral other articles adapted to the ſeaſon, which they offer for ſale at their warehouſe in King ſtreet, on the moſt reaſonable terms for caſh, or a ſhort credit.

May 6. dtm

St. Andrew's Society.

A ſtated meeting of the St. Andrew's Society will be held at Gadſby's tavern, on Tueſday the 17th inſtant, at 7 o'clock P. M.

By order of the Preſident,

J. TOWERS, Sec'ry.

May 14.

For Sale,

At my warehouſe on Prince ſtreet,

20 hhds. Molaſſes,

100 bls. Pork—juſt received.

Wm. HODGSON.

May 14. d

To STANISLAUS HOXTON, Esq.

May 3, 1803.

DEAR SIR,

Without enquiring into the motives which induced Mr. Paine to addreſs his ſix extraordinary letters to the people of the United States; it ſeems to be high time at leaſt, to diſcloſe to the world the effects which this man's general conduct and theſe letters in particular, have produced upon our people; never having ſeen Paine, I can be actuated by nothing ariſing from the diſguſting egotiſm which every one complains of in his converſation. My opinions are founded upon his own words and works, and upon a knowledge of the political and religious creed of our native American Republicans; ſince ſeventy ſix it has been my pride to be one of this ſect; I ſhall remain one ſo long as our native virtues and ſtrength ſhall be exerted to protect us againſt *ſuch Foreigners*, and the inſidious doctrines they avow! Revolution in this mans darling paſſion! His ineffable vanity and arrogance has conſtantly intruded him into ſcenes of convulſion—and if we could believe his frantic ſcribblers he controuls the deſtiny of the political world!

Not ſatisfied with this *ideal importance*, upon politics, he has filched from deiſtical writers of a former age, the hackneyed doctrines of infidels, in hopes alſo to proſtrate chriſtianity, the ſweeteſt conſolation of mankind! He has done more—he has ſet up a ſtandard for infidelity to rally round, and a precedent for ingratitude to ſkulk into! In his Age of Reaſon, he has reviled the religion of our country—in his letter to gen. Waſhington, he has traduced his benefactor! but we thank God, that the religion of this weſtern world is not to be overcome by the pigmy lucubrations of an unprincipled revolutioniſt! Our diligent and enlightened government will frown upon his diſorganiſing and officious impertinence, and the people will cry out with one voice, "away with ſuch foreign miſcreants—*Paine* has been a *Callender* toward Waſhington, and Callender has been a Paine to Jefferſon." But let us turn this fellow round and ſee what he has done—he tells us that after *he finiſhed* the revolution in America, he went to Europe! I would aſk for what purpoſe? If he really conſiders himſelf an American citizen, why did he deſert his favourite country, and deprive her of his immaculate energies at a time when the conſtitution was in the infancy of experiment? he has never dared to ſay he was ſent by the government as an agent of any kind, altho' he has the audacity to complain that the executive did not claim him when he was jeopardized in France by his own folly! No—The actual cauſe of his leaving this country at that time, was the very ſame which brought him here in the firſt inſtance—to partake in more revolutions! and in this movement we ſee his own maxim verified, "that every vice has a virtue oppoſed to it," for ſo ſoon as our government aſſumed a ſhape of virtuous energy, he ſhrunk from its terrors, and haſtened into the vortex of European infamy! his Rights of Man, addreſſed to the people of England, is of the ſame complexion—it unhinges the fundamental principles of American independency—The natural right of every nation to govern itſelf without the interference of ſtrangers. It goes to ſap the foundation upon which every well regulated political inſtitution builds its hope of wealth, peace, and happineſs! By ſtirring up diſcontent among the ignorant; by alarming the fears of the credulous; by miſrepreſenting the motives and actions of men in power (and by this means diſplace thoſe whom a majority of the nation have declared ſhall be their rulers) and by inculcating doctrines which go to produce civil war! This was Paine's employment in England! and Oh! ſad to tell while this political Quixotte was buſily employed in diſtributing *his Rights* to the *people* of England, but for his ſudden diſappearance the Magiſtrates would have preſented him with one of theirs—the right of hanging a Scoundrel! Tom found England would not do for him, and he *ſtole* over to France! Here this political voluptuary could glut his paſſion for revolutions! He had been by turns an Engliſh, an American, and a French Citizen, but ſo much did he prefer the laſt, that *he honoured* their national legiſlature with taking a ſeat; from this dignified ſtand did he look on without emotion, and witneſs the ſhocking maſſacres of theſe horrid times! But when his colleague, the tyrant Robeſpierre, had uſurped the power over the Guillotine, and declared "that it was the intereſt of America to arreſt Paine," then, and not till then, do we find our hero alive to the miſeries of France, and his own danger! Poor Tom has exerted all his ſophiſtry and logic to color over this act in his Tragic Comedy, but it wont do! every man muſt aſk, why did he go to France at all? Or why did he remain there after Robeſpieres execution? there can be but one anſwer, that to the firſt, his pride was too much gratified to part with his importance—to the ſecond, he felt ſure again to renew his former enjoyments, while the ſame ſcenes were playing over again, and he could not bring himſelf to part with ſuch exquiſite gratification.

But mark my gentleman!—No ſooner had Bonaparte ſtopped the revolutionary exceſſes, and there appeared ſomething like law and goſpel in France, we find him whining to our generous and humane executive, for leave to return in a government veſſel, by which he would be protected againſt Britain, where his life had been forfeited, and enable him too to leave France unmoleſted. But to ſecure this departure more certainly, and with ſome eclat, which his little ſoul is always panting after, *he publiſhed (wrongly tranſlated)* the Preſident's letter of *permiſſion*, written in the eaſy confidenee of old acquaintance! Thus did this man avail himſelf of an indecorous publication to deceive the world as to executive patronage! Mr. Jefferſon's enemies have "ſeized the golden opportunity" and charged him with advocating all the crimes of this deteſted monſter! Although the Preſident will feel no ſort of uneaſineſs at this twiſted inference among the numberleſs others, yet the friends to the adminiſtration cannot ſuffer Tom Paine, who has cap'd the climax of iniquity, to intrude himſelf into our republican ſect—we diſclaim the aſſociation and deſpiſe his principles! He has had the preſumption to place himſelf (uninvited) in the front rank of our party! And our adverſaries rejoice, becauſe he is the ſure inſtrument to do us injury! The republicaniſm of Americans is as oppoſite to this man's doctrines, as is vice to virtue! I know that mine is, and I believe, from every thing I have heard and ſeen, that ſuch is the univerſal ſentiment.

I am, dear Sir,

Your moſt obt. ſervant,

WM. BAKER.

The above letter, as it reſpects the principles and conduct of Paine, expreſſes the natural feelings, the honeſt independent ſentiments of an American. We cannot however ſubſcribe to the opinion, that the Preſident is untarniſhed with the irreligious, envious and ungrateful principles of his friend Paine. If Doctor Baker will ſearch the repoſitory of his own boſom, he will find nothing there to juſtify Mr. Jefferſon. The Doctor feels indignant at the reſtleſs, turbulent ſpirit, which would ſet the world in arms, and draw from the breaſt of man every ſource of conſolation. He ſpurns the man from his ſociety, who ſcoffs at religion, reviles the greateſt ornament, the moſt munificent benefactor of our country. This is natural, it is American. But do we find any thing like this in the conduct of the Preſident? Do we not find him in the habit of frequent and familiar correſpondence with Paine?—Would Doctor Baker do this? The Preſident does not merely give him permiſſion *to come to this country, but compliments him on his* "uſeful labors," *applauds his conduct, addreſſes him with the confidence and familiarity of friendſhip, on the ſtate of parties in this country, and refers him to a* MEMBER OF CONGRESS, *for further information on that head. "Did this in the Preſident ſeem like" diſapprobation? Does not this exhibit the "blaſphemer," as an uſeful friend and partizan? A mere* permiſſion *to come to this country, (which bye the bye was not requiſite) might have been expreſſed in very few words. It was unneceſſary to interlard it with fulſome compliments.*

Doctor Baker ſpeaks of the Preſident's letter, as being improperly diſcloſed. Part of it was publiſhed before Paine left France. On his arrival here, did Mr. Jefferſon expreſs any diſapprobation at Paine's thus giving publicity to the letter, or to any of thoſe infamous writings, and abandoned principles which diſgraced his correſpondent? Did he even treat him with cold indifference or mere formal reſpect? No. Paine had not been half an hour in George Town, before the Preſident's Secretary was diſpatched to enquire after his health, and to attend to his accommodation. Mr.

Lewis was almoſt conſta... ſeveral days, in performi... tial honors to Paine, in ... City and procuring lodg... this was attended with n... backed as it was by the ... Preſidential influence. T... who thought and acted as ... would not receive ſuch an ... The day after Paine's arr... by being waved, he dine... ſident. This familiar and... was kept up by theſe lovi... Paine was almoſt a conſtant... ble of our Chief Magiſt... ſor and profeſſing friend ... He dined with all the hea... ments, and all thoſe in a... ington, over whom the P... influence. With all theſe ... in the face, can it be call... ference," to ſay that th... friendſhip ſubſiſting betwe... ſon and Paine, founded o... by the ſimilarity of their ... litical principles? There ... by honeſt men of the de... who, with Doctor Baker, ... aſſociation and deſpiſe th... Paine. But this is no ... ſentiments accord with th... ernment. The variance ... ſions and actions, betwee... practice, has become ſo fa... rulers, that it ceaſes to exc... admirers of Mr. Jefferſon ... principles, from an anxio... prove, frequently ſuffer th... led away, by the moſt ſlim... bold aſſertions. Let any m... prejudices, and calmly reſl... duct of Mr. Jefferſon an... friends and dependants, ... that they have been entir... by the principles and ſenti... No individual could have ... aſſiduous and reſpectful at... than any man in the Uni... experienced from our preſen... ut his having gained t... admiration. They could ... ed his influence or talents. ... ther motive could they h... but love. We will car... home, by aſking Doctor ... thing would have tempte... the ſame part? We readil... anſwer for him. No. Wh... deſpiſed the man and his pr... then but love and reſpect ... fluenced the conduct of th... differently?

[V

NEWBURYPORT,

Capt. Rutherford, of the ... rived on Thurſday evening, ... he ſpoke 4 days ſince, in la... gliſh ſhip, 33 days from L... York, the captain of which ... that WAR WAS EXPECT... actually declared) previous ... and, that 70 ſail of Britiſ... teady for ſea.

NEW YORK, Ma...

Capt. Merry, of the ſhip ... arrived yeſterday from Belf... Lochrame (Scotland) and ... thence on the 4th April. ... an Edinburgh paper of the 2... been loſt or miſlaid on the p... paper ſtated the increaſing p... War: but no declaration ... had taken place when ca... failed.

May 13.

Captain Gould, who arr... on Sunday, in the brig Cat... days from Bourdeaux, inform... he left there, tranſports we... for St. Domingo, and that ... heavy preſs to man them. ... informs that the probabilit... tween France and England w...

Extract of a letter from Bou... gentleman in Salem, dated ... received per the Catharine.

"War between this count... Britain has been very much ... dreaded, for theſe few days p... ever, hope here that matter... amicably arranged." In a... the ſame letter, it is alſo ad... there is every probability of ... war with England. All W... duce on the riſe."

[A letter of the 31ſt March ... ceived by the above veſſel, ... at the moment of her depa... mentions that the probab... had become greater; and ... had been made to the ager...

Lewis was almoſt conſtantly engaged for ſeveral days, in performing the Preſidential honors to Paine, in ſhewing him the City and procuring lodgings—for even this was attended with no ſmall difficulty, backed as it was by the whole weight of Preſidential influence. There were many who thought and acted as Americans, and would not receive ſuch an inmate as Paine. The day after Paine's arrival, all ceremony being waved, he dined with the Preſident. This familiar and eaſy intercourſe was kept up by theſe loving friends, and Paine was almoſt a conſtant gueſt at the table of our Chief Magiſtrate, the ſucceſſor and profeſſing friend of Waſhington. He dined with all the heads of the departments, and all thoſe in and about Waſhington, over whom the Preſident had any influence. With all theſe facts ſtaring us in the face, can it be called a "twiſting inference," to ſay that there is a cordial friendſhip ſubſiſting between Mr. Jefferſon and Paine, founded on and cemented by the ſimilarity of their religious and political principles? There are no doubt many honeſt men of the democratic party, who, with Doctor Baker, "diſclaim the aſſociation and deſpiſe the principles" of Paine. But this is no proof that their ſentiments accord with thoſe of the government. The variance between profeſſions and actions, between principles and practice, has become ſo familiar with our rulers, that it ceaſes to excite wonder. The admirers of Mr. Jefferſon and his profeſſed *principles, from an anxious deſire to approve, frequently ſuffer themſelves to be led away, by the moſt flimſy pretexts, and bold aſſertions. Let any man lay aſide his prejudices, and calmly reflect on the conduct of Mr. Jefferſon and his particular friends and dependants, and then ſay, that they have been entirely uninfluenced by the principles and ſentiments of Paine. No individual could have attracted ſuch aſſiduous and reſpectful attention, greater than any man in the United States ever experienced from our preſent rulers, without his having gained their eſteem and admiration. They could not have feared his influence or talents. By what other motive could they then be directed but love. We will carry this queſtion home, by aſking Doctor Baker, if any thing would have tempted him to act the ſame part? We readily undertake to anſwer for him. No. Why? Becauſe he deſpiſed the man and his principles. What then but love and reſpect could have influenced the conduct of thoſe who acted differently?*

[*Waſh. Fed.*]

NEWBURYPORT, May 7.

Capt. Rutherford, of the brig Lucy, arrived on Thurſday evening, informs that he ſpoke 4 days ſince, in lat. 39, an Engliſh ſhip, 33 days from London, for N. York, the captain of which informed him that WAR WAS EXPECTED, (but not actually declared) previous to his ſailing: and, that 70 ſail of Britiſh ſhips were ready for ſea.

NEW YORK, May 12.

Capt. Merry, of the ſhip Young Eagle, arrived yeſterday from Belfaſt, put into Lochrame (Scotland) and ſailed from thence on the 4th April. He got there an Edinburgh paper of the 2d. which has been loſt or miſlaid on the paſſage. This paper ſtated the increaſing probability of War: but no declaration of that event had taken place when captain Merry ſailed.

May 13.

Captain Gould, who arrived at Salem on Sunday, in the brig Catharine, in 38 days from Bourdeaux, informs, that when he left there, tranſports were fitting out for St. Domingo, and that there was a heavy preſs to man them. Capt. G. alſo informs that the probability of war between France and England was ſtill great.

Extract of a letter from Bourdeaux, to a gentleman in Salem, dated March 30th, received per the Catharine.

"War between this country and Great Britain has been very much ſpoken of and dreaded, for theſe few days paſt: we however, hope here that matters will be ſoon amicably arranged." In a poſtcript to the ſame letter, it is alſo added, "That there is every probability of an immediate war with England. All Weſt India produce on the riſe."

[A letter of the 31ſt March has been received by the above veſſel, put on board at the moment of her departure, which mentions that the probability of war had become greater; and that an offer had been made to the agent of the copper bottomed ſhip America, of Salem, (formerly the French corvette la Blonde) for the purchaſe of that veſſel, tho' ſhe had left the harbour a few days before, a diſpatch boat was ſent off immediately to overtake her if poſſible, and order her to return to port. The boat came up with her juſt as ſhe was getting under way in the river. It is ſuppoſed ſhe has been purchaſed with the deſign of fitting her out as a privateer. One of her officers arrived at Salem in the Catharine.

Alexandria Advertiſer.

MONDAY, MAY 16.

From the "Journal du Commerce," (Bordeaux paper) March 27.

The Dey of Algiers having received 80,000 dollars from Spain, and very conſiderable preſents from Denmark, ſent for citizen Thainville, Commiſſary General of the French Republic, and told him, that all nations ſent him money, and that the Firſt Conſul has neglected, and had ſent nothing. That France formerly ſent him preſents. Citizen Thainville then reminded him of the article in the letter to the Firſt Conſul, by General Hullen, in which the Dey renounced all claims to preſents. This reply threw the Dey into a violent paſſion, with ſevere threatening. Upon the arrival of this news at Paris, the Miniſter of Marine fitted out two frigates for Algiers, under the command of citizen Gourdon, with orders to take on board the Commiſſary General and his family, and to inform the Dey that if he once declared war, he muſt remember, that he could not tell where it would end. Upon the arrival of the frigates, the people crowded the palace of the Dey, to repreſent to him the evils which threatened them. The Dey ſent for Thainville and demanded the intention in ſending the frigates. He told the Dey the orders from France. Do you wiſh to have war with me? Said the Dey. No, replied the Commiſſary, but the Firſt Conſul is too powerful to be your tributary. After ſome diſpute, the Dey added, He ſhall pay nothing: I wiſh to be at peace with him. Write to him that I recall my demand. So the affair ended. The Commiſſary was conducted from the palace of the Dey and amidſt the acclamations of the multitude which expreſſed the ſtrongeſt deſire to be at peace with France. The Commiſſary returned to his poſt and the frigates to Toulon.

The ſame paper tells us of the ſplendid reception of the French Ambaſſador at Conſtantinople on the 19th of February.

The Danes have inſtituted an enquiry into the ſufferings of their coloniſts at St. Croix and St. Thomas's by the poſſeſſion which the Engliſh had of thoſe Iſlands. —The Engliſh have conſented to pay 280,000l ſterling for damages ſuſtained, which will be in part for their loſſes appropriated hy the Daniſh government.

This day's Eaſtern mail, without adding any thing to our ſtock of European intelligence, invalidates the rumor which we yeſterday received from New Port. it appears, that the captain of the Packet (if it was the packet) inſtead of informing that *war was declared*, merely ſaid that "*in caſe of war*, Great Britain would have 70 ſail of the line in commiſſion." But this very guarded and qualified expreſſion was tortured, as has been obſerved, into an explicit declaration of war!

It will appear from the foreign advices in this days Gazette, that even down to the firſt of April, there had been no abatement in England of the hoſtile indications. And in France too, late in March, the preparations were equally formidable and threatening. Bonaparte is verging all his forces to the coaſt of France. This circumſtance deſignates the nature of the war which the Firſt Conſul expects. As on the part of England the warfare will neceſſarily be maritime, ſo Bonaparte appears determineded to concentre his energies ſo as either to ſuſtain a ſtruggle on the eliment, or by menacing invaſion, to reſtrict the Britiſh fleet to their own ſhores. It is indeed moſt probable, in caſe of war that invaſion, an idea long and ambitiouſly cheriſhed in France, will be attempted. Many of the firſt characters in the Britiſh councils, predict the event, and exult in the expectation of England having to decide *on her own territory*, the awful queſtion of her own independence or ſubjugation.

The article from the Cape of Good Hope baffles political ſpeculation. The occurrences at this place on the firſt of January had produced the belief, that England, perceiving the approaching ſtorm, had ſeaſonably prepared for the ſtruggle, by retaining this important ſtation. If this order was the effect of an apprehenſion of war, how are we to account for the ſubſequent one, by which the Cape has been ſurrendered to the Dutch. At any rate it is obvious that the retention of the Cape does not conſtitute even a ſhare of the preſent diſpute between England and France. England with regard to this point, has fulfilled the ſtipulations of the treaty of Ameins. She ſtill retains Malta, and it is rumored in ſome of the lateſt papers, that ſhe is placing it on extraordinary warlike eſtabliſhment. With reſpect to the real ground of the controverſy we muſt continue to groupe in the dark until either ac accommodation takes place, or an appeal is made to arms.

(*Phil. Gaz.*)

Several gentlemen from Newburyport, ſince the date of the laſt paper, printed in that place, inform, that the intelligence, brought by capt. Rutherford, inſtead of announcing the actual declaration of War between France and England, goes no farther than that he was informed, the Britiſh would have 70 ſail of the line in readineſs, *in caſe of actual war*. They likewiſe add that the veſſel ſpoken had been out 36, inſtead of 33 days.

Boſt Gaz.

PORT OF ALEXANDRIA.

ARRIVED,

Brig George,	Taylor,	Tobago
Schr. Hazard,	Luce,	Boſton

CLEARED,

Brig Enterprize,	M'Cobb,	Jamaica
Fame,	Carlton,	Newburyport
Schr. Hope,	Ripley,	Boſton
Harmony,	Toby,	do.
Adventure,	Pritchard,	Savannah
Leeboo,	Guthrie,	Trini'ad
Sloop Themis,	Irelan,	Boſton
Sally	Warner, Baxter,	do.
Friendſhip,	Maſters,	Barbadoes

Public Sale.

On Thurſday the 19th inſt. at 10 o'clock, at the houſe of John Walkom on Prince Street, will be Sold without reſerve,

All the STOCK in TRADE,

of the ſaid John Walkom,

Conſiſting of—Cloths, Caſſimeres, Chintzes, Calicoes, Muſlins, and Muſlin Handkerchiefs, Corduroy, Jeans, Nankeens, Marſeilles, Quiltings, Cotton Stockings, Linens, Threads, Tapes, &c.

Alſo,

HOUSEHOLD & KITCHEN

FURNITURE,

Among which are, Mahogany Chairs and Tables, a Secretary and Bookcaſe, Looking Glaſſes, Bedſteads, and ſundry other articles.

P. G. MARSTELLER.

May 16.

John Walkom intending ſoon to ſail for England, requeſts all perſons who may have demands againſt him to exhibit their accounts for ſettlement; and all perſons indebted to him are requeſted to make immediate payment.

J. WALKOM.

May 16.

PUBLIC SALE.

On Friday next will be ſold at the Vendue Store,

20 boxes firſt quality CLARET.

PHILIP G. MARSTELLER.

May 16.

COALS.

A few hundred buſhels Scotch Coal and ſome white oak barrel ſtaves for ſale on board the ſloop Maria, at Kirk's wharf. Apply to capt. O'Meara, on board, or to

Wm. HARTSHORNE.

5th mo. 16. d

We want to purchaſe,

Five thouſand buſhels of CORN, for which Caſh will be given, if delivered at Cameron Mills.

RICKETTS, NEWTON & Co.

Who have received by the ſhip United States,

Two trunks Cotton Hoſiery, and to be ſold on low terms by the package or dozen.

May 16. d

R. GRAY

WILL be in New York during the Literary Fair to be held on the 20th June—orders for Books or other articles in their line of buſineſs left at R. & J. Gray's Book Store in King Street previous to the above date will be punctually executed.

May 16. d

Poney Miſſing.

STRAYED from the commons of Alexandria, a BAY PONEY, about 13½ hands high, a ſtar on the forehead, roached main and ſhort docked tail, with ſome grey hairs about the root. Any perſon producing him to the ſubſcriber, ſhall receive *Five Dollars*, or, if ſtolen, and pointing out the theif, ſo that he may be proſecuted to conviction, ſhall receive a alike reward.

T. HAMILTON.

King ſtreet, May 16. eo 2w

The whole of the property of John Fitzgerald, advertiſed for ſale on the 21ſt ult. could not on that or the ſucceeding day be ſet up, owing to previous engagements of the Vendue Maſter; it was then concluded as moſt eligible to poſtpone the ſale of the reſidue until the 19th day of May, (inſt.) There remain the Diſtillery, the piece of ground upon Wolfe and St. Aſaph ſtreets, and the tract of Land in the vicinity of the town, which will on that day be expoſed to ſale on the terms formerly advertiſed.

THOS. A. DIGGES, } *Acting*
JAMES KEITH, } *Executors.*

May 2, eo

☞ One of the Executors being obliged to attend the General Court in Annapolis, on the day appointed for the ſale, a further poſtponement becomes neceſſary. Thurſday the 23d day of June is appointed when the ſale will certainly take place.

May 16.

☞ *The Editors of the Nat. Intelligencer and Balt. Fed. Gazette, are requeſted to inſert the foregoing, three times a week, till the day of ſale.*

RECEIVED,

By the ſchooner Sally, capt. Dade, from Cape Francois, and for ſale by

ROBERTS & GRIFFITH,

20,000 lbs Green Coffee,

in tierces and bags.

They have on hand, as uſual, a general aſſortment of GROCERIES.

May 5. d2w

Tucker's Blackſtone.

GENTLEMEN, in any part of Virginia who have ſubſcription papers in their hands, are earneſtly requeſted to ſend them immediately by poſt to the publiſhers in Philadelphia—the work is in great forwardneſs, and will it is preſumed, be ready for delivery early in the fall; before which time it will be the intereſt of thoſe who intend to ſubſcribe to leave their names with the publiſhers.

Since the proſpectus was firſt iſſued Judge Tucker has made a ſelection of the moſt applicable of Mr. Chriſtian's Notes, which will be printed under their proper references.

May 13. eo1m

Iriſh Linens.

A ſmall invoice of Iriſh Linens aſſorted, imported in the ſhip United States, from Liverpool, and for ſale by

Wm. LADD.

May 10. eo4w

JUST PUBLISHED,

And for ſale by

ROBERT & JOHN GRAY,

King ſtreet,

A NEW EDITION OF

ENFIELD's SPEAKER

OR,

MISCELLANEOUS PIECES,

Selected from the beſt Engliſh writers, and diſpoſed under proper heads, with a view to facilitate the improvement of youth in reading and ſpeaking. To which is prefixed an eſſay on

ELOCUTION,

Price 87½ cts. handſomely bound and lettered.

May 14. d

Umbrellas.

Ricketts, Newton & Co.

HAVE juſt received one caſe of London finiſhed Umbrellas.

May 10. d

SAMUEL BISHOP,

BOOKSELLER, & STATIONER

Reſectfully informs the Public that he has received from Lee & Co's Patent and Family Medicine Stre, Baltimore, a freſh aſſortment of the following

Valuable Medicines,

Which are in high eſteem and general uſe throughout the United States, many of them being ſold cheaper than the drugs of which they are compounded, could be purchaſed at a retail Store.

☞ TAKE NOTICE,

That S. Biſhop is appointed the ONLY *Agent for Alexandria.*

Dr. HAMILTON's ELIXIR,

A ſovereign remedy for Colds, Obſtinate Coughs, Aſthmas, Catarrhs, Sore Throats, and Approaching Conſumptions.

To parents who may have children afflicted with the HOOPING COUGH.

This diſcovery is of the firſt magnitude, as it is an immediate relief, checks the progreſs, and in a ſhort time entirely removes the moſt cruel diſorder to which children are liable—the Elixir is ſo perfectly agreeable and the doſe ſo ſmall, that no difficulty ariſes in taking it.

From LUTHER MARTIN, Eſq. Attorney-General of the State of Maryland.

Gentlemen,

I comply with your requeſt in ſtating my opinion of Hamilton's Elixir. It has been uſed in my family for two or three years paſt, with uniform ſucceſs, whenever colds, coughs, or ſimilar complaints have rendered medicine neceſſary. I have myſelf found it an excellent and agreeable remedy for a very painful and troubleſome affection of the breaſt, accompanied with ſoreneſs and with obſtructed and difficult breathing

On theſe accounts I do not heſitate to recommend Hamilton's Elixir, as a valuable medicine, and deſerving public attention.

LUTHER MARTIN.

Mr. Abijah Henly, Bridge-Street, Baltimore, was cured by one bottle of Hamilton's elixir of a very complicated diſorder, occaſioned by a ſevere cold caught ſeveral months ago. He breathed with the greateſt difficulty, and was often thrown into weakening ſweats when he attempted to walk any diſtance, and his voice would frequently fail in ſuch a degree that he could only attempt to whiſper, he has been upwards of ſix weeks without a return of his complaints, and deſires to give this public teſtimony in favour of this invaluable medicine.

Dr. Hamilton's GRAND RESTORATIVE,

Is recommended as an invaluable medicine, for the ſpeedy relief and permanent cure of the various complaints which reſult from diſſipated pleaſures—juvenile indiſcretions—reſidence in climates unfavourable to the conſtitution—the immoderate uſe of tea, frequent intoxication, or any other deſtructive intemperance—the unſkilful or exceſſive uſe of mercury—the diſeaſes peculiar to females, at a certain period of life—bad lyings in, &c. &c.

And is proved by long and extenſive experience to be abſolutely unparalleled in the cure of

Nervous diſorders,	Violent cramps in the ſtomach and back,
Conſumptions,	Indigeſtion,
Lowneſs of ſpirits,	Melancholy,
Loſs of appetite,	Gout in the ſtomach,
Impurity of the blood,	Pains in the limbs,
Hyſterical affections,	Relaxations,
Inward weakneſſes,	Involuntary emiſſions,
Seminal weakneſſes,	Obſtinate gleets,
Fluoralbus, (or whites)	Impotency, &c. &c.
Barrenneſs,	

In caſes of extremity, where the long prevalence and obſtinacy of diſeaſe has brought on a general impoveriſhment of the ſyſtem, exceſſive debility of the whole frame, and a waſting of the fleſh, which no nouriſhment or cordial could repair a perſeverance in the uſe of this medicine has pe formed the moſt aſtoniſhing cures.

HAMILTON's ESSENCE and EXTRACT of MUSTARD,

A ſafe and effectual remedy for gout, rheumatiſm, palſey, ſprains, bruiſes, pains in the face and neck, &c. And has performed more cures in the above complaints than all the other medicines ever before made public.

From Dr. Weatherburn, Wyth county, Virginia.

Gentlemen,

I purchaſed at your ſhop the preparations you call Hamilton's Eſſence, or Extract of Muſtard, which I believe has perfectly removed a chronic rheumatiſm (of that kind named ſciatica, or of the hip joint) under which I had laboured for a long time, and which had baffled every article in the Materia Medica, and every mode of treatment received into practice for the cure of this obſtinate diſeaſe. If you think this letter uſeful you are at liberty to make it public.

Yours, &c.

P. WEATHERBURN.

John Hoover, rope-maker, South Second-Street, between Mary and Chriſtian-Streets, Philadelphia, voluntarily maketh oath as follows, namely, that his wife, Mary Hoover, was ſo ſeverely afflicted with a violent rheumatiſm, very dangerouſly ſituated, the conſequence of a ſevere cold after lying in, as to be confined to her bed for ſeveral weeks, and was at length reduced to the melancholy apprehenſion of remaining a cripple for life, notwithſtanding the moſt reſpectable medical advice was followed, and every probable remedy attempted: when ſeeing ſeveral caſes of cures performed by Hamilton's Eſſence and Extract of Muſtard, they were procured from Mr. Birch, No. 17, South ſecond-Street. The firſt application enabled her to walk acroſs the room, and the uſe of one bottle reſtored her to her uſual ſtate of heath and ſtrength JOHN HOOVER.

Sworn and ſubſcribed before Ebnezerger Forſon, Eſq. one of the juſtices of the peace fo Philadelphia County

HAMILTON's WOR DESTROYING LOZENG

Which have within four years paſt cured upwards of one hundred and twenty thouſand perſons of both ſexes, of every age, and in every ſituation, of various dangerous complaints ariſing from worms, and form obſtructions or foulneſs in the ſtomach and bowels.

This medicine bears no analogy whatever of ſimilar title, ſo commonly complained of as operating with violence; on the contrary, a particular excellence of this remedy is its being ſuited to every age and conſtitution; contains nothing but what is perfectly innocent, and is ſo mild in its operation that it cannot injure the moſt delicate pregnant lady, or the tendereſt infant of a week old, ſhould no worms exiſt in the body; but will, without pain or griping, cleanſe the ſtomach and bowels of whatever is foul or offenſive, and thereby prevent the production of worms and many fatal diſorders, They are particularly efficacious in carrying off all groſs humours and eruptions; feveriſh and bilious complaints, and are the ſafeſt and mildeſt purgative that can be uſed on any occaſion.

Deſcription of Worms, and the ſymptoms by which they are known.

Worms which infeſt the human body, are chiefly of four kinds, viz. the Teres or Large round worm, the Aſcarides, or ſmall maw worm, the Cucurbitina, or ſhort, flat, white worm, and laſtly, the Tænia, or tape worm, ſo called from its reſemblance to tape; this is often many yards long, and is full of joints—It is moſt hurtful, and moſt difficult to cure.

Among the ſymptoms attending worms, are diſagreeable breath, eſpecially in the morning—Bad and corrupted gums—Itching in the noſe and about the ſeat—Convulſions and epileptic fits, and ſometimes privation of ſpeech—Starting and grinding of the teeth in ſleep—Irregular appetite, ſometimes loathing food, and ſometimes voracious—Purging, with ſlimy and fœtid ſtools—Vomiting—Large and hard belly—Pains and ſickneſs at the ſtomach—Pains in the head and thighs, with lowneſs of ſprits—Slow fever, with ſmall and irregular pulſe—A dry cough—Exceſſive thirſt—Sometimes pale and unhealthy countenance, and ſometimes the face bloated and flushed.

Perſons afflicted with any of the above ſymptoms, ſhould have immediate recourſe to HAMILTON's WORM DESTROYING LOZENGES, which have been conſtantly attended with ſucceſs in all complaints ſimilar to thoſe above deſcribed.

A doſe of this medicine given occaſionally during the warm ſeaſon, will effectually prevent the vomiting and purging of children, a dreadful diſorder which annually deſtroys thouſands of the infant part of our cities. It is likewiſe the mildeſt and moſt certain remedy known and has reſtored to health and ſtrength a great number when in an advanced ſtage of this fatal complaint. Paticular and plain inſtructions are given for every part of the neceſſary treatment in ſuch caſes.

Children generally take this medicine with eagerneſs; having a pleaſing appearance, and an agreeable taſte,

CASES OF CURES.

(Selected from thouſands) the authenticity of which any perſon may aſcertain, either by letter or perſonal application.

TAPE WORM.

Mr. SAMUEL FULLER, Inn-keeper, on the Harford road, ten miles from Baltimore, began about 20 months ago to be grievouſly afflicted with a tape worm, which increaſed faſt in ſize and ſtrength, ſo as to excite the moſt horrid ſenſations by its writhing motions and intolerable pains, reſembling the gnawing and tearing of his bowels, which deprived him of his neceſſary ſleep, and cauſed ſuch dreadful apprehenſions as cannot be conceived but by one in a ſimilar ſituation—his appetite waſted rapidly, and with that his ſtrength, ſo that he was unable to attend to any buſineſs—when he heard of ſome excellent cures performed by Hamilton's worm lozenges, he took a large doſe, which brought away about FOUR YARDS of the worm (now in the poſſeſſion of Lee & Co.)—but a renewal of his pains ſoon convinced him that this monſtrous reptile had recovered its firſt vigour—Application was made to Lee & Co. for more of their medicine, with their advice—from which reſulted the total expulſion of his formidable enemy, in ſeveral pieces, which he ſuppoſed to be SIX or EIGHT YARDS more. A few months have ſince elapſed, and Mr. Fuller is now in perfect health. The above facts are well known to a numerous circle of his neighbours, and himſelf will gratify any who may wiſh to make further inquiries on the ſubject. Although Hamilton's worm lozenges produce ſuch powerful effects, when neceſſary, yet they are perfectly innocent and mild in their operation on the human body, even taken in large doſes, as Mr. Fuller will teſtify—their particular mildneſs is abundantly evident in innumerable cures of infants.

Communicated by Dr. John Spangler, York-town, Pennſylvania.

Letter from the reverend Mr. JOHN MOLTHER, miniſter of the Moravian church, in York-town.

York, January 4th, 1802.

Dear Sir,

Dr. Hamilton's lozenges have been recommended to me as a very adequate means for the cure of children afflicted with worms, I procured a box for the uſe of my family, to try, whether by means of this medicine, I might be enabled to gain a point, which, to accompliſh, different other means had proved abortive. My eldeſt boy had a very ſickly appearance, was very reſtleſs at night, grew leaner from time to time; in ſhort, he ſeemed to be in a precarious ſtate of health, which would yield to none of the medicines adminiſtered, until I gave him two doſes of lozenges, agreeably to the directions, which carried off a ſubſtance to al appearance a meremucus but upon cloſe inſpection quit repeled with very ſmall living animals. No tone of that ſort of worms which uſually afflict children, came from him. Since that period he grew remarkably better in health, and though lean, has got a freſh and lively complexion. Upon different occaſions I have uſed this medicine as a purging ſubſtitute, and found it to anſwer exceedingly well, without bringing on belly-ache, or any of thoſe diſagreeable ſenſations, ſo often occaſioned by purging medicines. Upon the whole, I judge this medicine to be, beſides its main object, one of the moſt ſalutary means for reſtoring loſt appetite, and promoting a proper ſtate of digeſtion, by carrying off that bilious ſubſtance, which engenders ſo much indiſpoſition both among children and adults.

I am, Sir, your moſt obedient ſervant,

JOHN MOLTHER.

Dr. HAHN's TRUE and GENUINE GERMAN CORN PLAISTER.

An infallible remedy for corns, ſpeedily removing them, root and branch, without giving pain.

The GENUINE PERSIAN LOTION,

So celebrated among the faſhionable through out Europe, as an invaluable coſmetic, perfectly innocent and ſafe, free from corroſive and repellent minerals (the baſis of other lotions) and of unparalelled efficacy in preventing and removing blemiſhes in the face and ſkin of every kind, particularly freckles, pimples, inflammatory redneſs, ſcurfs, tetters, ring worms, ſun burns, prickley heat, &c.

The Perſian Lotion operates mildly, without impeding that natural, inſenſible perſpiration which is eſſential to health. Yet its ſalutary effects are ſpeedy and permanent, rendering the ſkin delicately ſoft and clear, improving the complexion, and reſtoring the bloom of youth. Never failing to render an ordinary countenance beautiful, and an handſome one more ſo.

The RESTORATIVE POWDER for the TEETH and GUMS.

This excellent preparation comforts and ſtrengthens the gums, preſerves the enamel from decay, and cleanſes and whitens the teeth, by abſorbing all that acrimonious ſlime & foulneſs, which ſuffered to accumulate, never fails to injure and finally ruin them.

Dr. HAHN's GENUINE EYE-WATER.

A ſovereign remedy for all diſeaſes of the eyes, whether the effect of natural weakneſs or of accident, defluctions of rheum, dullneſs, itching and films on the eyes, never failing to cure thoſe maladies which frequently ſucceed the ſmall pox, meaſles and fevers, and wonderfully ſtrengthening a weak ſight. Hundreds have experienced its excellent virtues, when nearly deprived of ſight.

TOOTH ACHE DROPS.

The only remedy yet diſcovered which gives immediate and laſting relief in the moſt ſevere inſtances.

The SOVEREIGN OINTMENT for the ITCH,

Which is warranted an infallible remedy at one application, and may be uſed with perfect ſafety by pregnant women, or on infants a week old, not containing a particle of mercury, or any other dangerous ingredient whatever, and is not accompanied with that tormenting ſmart which attends the application of other remedies.

THE ANODYNE ELIXIR.

For the cure of every kind of head-ache.

INDIAN VEGETABLE SPECIFIC.

A ſafe and ſpeedy remedy for the venerial diſeaſe.

"An ounce of prevention is worth a pound o cure."

For the prevention and cure of bilious and malignant fevers,

IS RECOMMENDED

Dr. HAHN's ANTI BILLIOUS PILLS.

The operation of theſe pills is perfectly mild, ſo as to be uſed with ſafety by perſons in every ſituation, and of every age.

They are excellently adapted to carry off ſuperfluous bile, and prevent its morbid ſecretions—to reſtore and amend the appetite—to procure a free perſpiration, and thereby prevent colds, which are often attended with fatal conſequences—a doſe never fails to remove a cold, if taken on its firſt appearance. They are celebrated for removing habitual coſtiveneſs—ſickneſs at the ſtomach, and ſevere head ache—and ought to be taken by all perſons on a change of climate.

☞ Sold likewiſe *by S. Pleaſants, Richmond; Roſs and Douglaſs, Peterſburg; T. Green, Frederickſburgh; G. Purdie, Smithfield; M. Jones, Suffolk; Dr. Miller, Wincheſter; R. Green, how, Williamſburg; and J. Shaw Leeſburg.*

For Sale,

Forty barrels new Beef,
Five bls. Pork,
Fine and coarſe Salt,
Firſt quality Sugar in bls.
Phila. loaf and lump Sugar in hhds and bls.
Three pipes old Liſbon Wine,
Pennſylvania and Swediſh Bar Iron,
One pair Bur Mill Stones, 5 feet diameter,
One pair Cologne do. about 5 feet.

And at the Mill,

Shorts and Bran,
Indian Meal,
Rye Meal,
Seed Oats,
Plaſter of Paris by the buſhel.

William Hartſhorne.

4th Mo. 5. d

HARDWARE, &c.

BY the United States, the ſubſcriber has received an extenſive aſſortment.

Alſo,

A variety of Tools, Looking Glaſſes, &c. manufactured in this country.

PHILIP WANTON.

5th mo. 9th d

JOSEPH RIDDLE and Co.

HAVE IMPORTED

SPRING GOODS,

In the William and John from London.

They expect an additional aſſortment by the ſhip United States from Liverpool.

May 5. d

THE SUBSCRIBERS

HAVE COMMENCED

The BOOT and SHOE

MAKING BUSINESS,

In Prince ſtreet, a few doors Weſt of the Poſt Office,

Where they intend carrying it on in its various branches. Thoſe who may pleaſe to favor them with their cuſtom may rely upon their paying ſtrict attention to have their work faithfully and neatly executed.

MOSES & JACOB JANNEY.

☞ Two or three ſober journeymen wanted; to ſuch conſtant employ will be given. M. & J. J.

May 11. eo

Notice.

ALL perſons having claims againſt FRANCIS H. ROZER, Eſq. deceaſed, of Notley Hall, are deſired to bring them in properly authenticated; and thoſe owing the eſtate, are requeſted to make immediate payment to the ſubſcriber, who is authoriſed to ſettle the ſame.

THOMAS L. WASHINGTON,

Alexandria.

Feb. 18. eo

The whole of the property of John Fitzgerald, advertiſed for ſale on the 21ſt ult. could not on that or the ſucceeding day be ſet up, owing to previous engagements of the Vendue Maſter; it was then concluded as moſt eligible to poſtpone the ſale of the reſidue until the 19th day of May, (inſt.) There remain the Diſtillery, the piece of ground upon Wolfe and St. Aſaph ſtreets, and the tract of Land in the vicinity of the town, which will on that day be expoſed to ſale on the terms formerly advertiſed.

THOS. A. DIGGES, } *Acting*
JAMES KEITH, } *Executors.*

May 2, eo

Ricketts, Newton and Co.

Have for Sale,

50 boxes Segars,
2 bales Muſlins,
6 pipes old Madera Wine,
5 treſs's Threads,
100 pieces Bandanoes,
10 bales Cotton,
1 trunk low pric'd Callicoes,
2 butts French Brandy,
50 boxes Soap and Candles,
4 boxes Wool and Cotton Cards,
50 kegs Tobacco (James river)
20 bls. Beef and Pork,
10 hhds. Sugar,
10 tons Swediſh Iron,
20 boxes Chocolate,
100 reams Wrapping Paper,
100 do. Writing do.
French and Nova Scotia Plaiſter,
Liſbon and Turk's Iſland Salt.

A large quantity of Bran to be ſold very cheap, if taken away ſoon.

☞ They are giving Caſh for Wheat, Flour, Corn, Rye and Tobacco,

April 2. d

HATS.

I have juſt received a few caſes of Engliſh felt Hats, well aſſorted, and now for ſale. Wm. HODGSON.

May 6. d

PRINTED DAILY BY
S. SNOWDEN.

AND C

VOL. III.]

Sales by Auctio

On WEDNESDA

At 10 o'clock, will be ſold at t Store, the corner of King a ſtreets.

Rum in hhds. and ba
Whiſkey in barrels,
Apple Brandy in barrels,
Gin in caſks,
Wine in pipes and quatter c
Molaſſes in hhds.
Sugar in hhds. and barrels,
White and brown Soap in bo
Coffee in caſks and bags,
Raiſins in kegs and boxes,
Queen's Ware, and

ALSO,

A variety of DRY GOO

—AMONG WHICH ARE—

Broad Cloths,	Iriſh Li
Caſſimeres,	Calicoes
Kerſeys,	Threads
Coatings,	Chintzes
Halfthicks,	Bedticks
Fearnaught,	Oznabu
Blankets,	Sewing S
Planes,	Muſlin a
Negro Cottons,	Hand
Worſted and other Stockings,	India Co &c.

THOS. PATTEN, *Auc*

May 14.

Public Vendue.

On FRIDAY,

at 10 o'clock, will be ſold at t Store,

Rum in hogſheads and
French Brandy in pipes,
Gin in pipes and bls.
Whiſkey and Apple Brandy
Sugar in hhds. tierces and bls
Coffee in tierces and bags,
Chocolate
White and brown Soap
Mould and dip'd Candles
Raiſins in kegs, boxes and ja
Figs in kegs and frails,
Queens Ware in crates,

FURNITURE, &c.

ALSO,

A variety of DRY G

Among which are,

Cloths, Coatings,
Kerſeymeres, Duffils,
Plains and Kerſeys,
Negro Cottons, Serges,
Elaſticks, blue Friezes,
Calimancoes and Ruſſels,
Yarn Stockings,
Chintzes and Calicoes,
Iriſh Linens, Sileſia do.
Platillas,
Oſnaburgs and Ticklenbu
Muſlins and Muſlin Hand
India Muſlins and Table
Bandanna Handkerchiefs,
Silk Stockings,
Coloured Threads, Hats,
Plated Candleſticks,
And ſundry other A

P. G. MARST

May 17.

Removal.

The ſubſcriber wiſhe
form his friends and the public
that he has removed from
Prince ſtreet to the ſtore in U
lately occupied by Jacob Leap
ſite Dean and Gardners ſtore,
continues to keep all kinds of

Groceries and Fr

as uſual, and has juſt received
excellent Oranges, Lemons, F
Rhode Iſland Apples, firſt qua
Iſland Cheeſe and freſh Tama

Abel

N. B. The houſe that he
pied in Prince Street is to let
ther particulars enquire as a
Mr. William Wilſon.

May 9.